DETAILED PROJECT REPORT

Cluster Location: DHARMAPURI, TAMILNADU (Shree Mangalam Coir Mattress Private Limited)



Submitted to Coir Board, Kochi

Prepared by:



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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

01.	Name of the cluster	Shree Mangala	Shree Mangalam Coir Mattress Private Limited				
		Dharmapuri					
02.	Type of Cluster	Mini Cluster					
03.	Location & Spread of	The cluster are	The cluster area is located in Dharmapurai district,				
	the cluster		3	Blocks		Dharmapu	
		Karimangalam	& Pa	ılakkodı	1. The o	cluster spre	ead
		includes 18 V	Village	Panch	ayats in	Dharmap	uri
		District. The	e Geog	graphica	l spread	of the clus	ter
		measures about					
04.	Product range	The existing ra	nge of	coir pro	oducts p	roduced in t	the
		cluster are:					
		Coir Fib Coir 2 B	-				
		Coir 2 PCurled 0	2	1			
		Hand Ra		e			
			iii itop				
05.	Size of cluster & Type of	The total number of coir units available in the					
	units	cluster area is around 115 units of which 22 Nos.					
		are engaged in	are engaged in Fibre Extraction, 18 Nos engaged in				
		Curled Coir, 45 Nos. engaged in 2 Ply Yarn					
		Spinning and 30 Nos. engaged in Hand ratt making.					
		The total num					-
		around 850 members which include the labor force in the cluster.					
		in the cluster.					
06.	Production & Turnover						
00.	of Coir products in the		No.of	f Prod	uction	Turnover	
	cluster	Product	Product No.of Production units (in MT's)			(Rs.in	
				<u>`</u>		Crores)	
		Coir Fibre	22	82	250	13.20	
		2 ply Yarn 45		1	125	3.60	
				6.15			
		Hand Ratt 30 180 0.90		0.90			
		Rope				23.85	
07.	Employment & Income	Total	115			23.83	
0/.	level	A			T		7
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					-
		Fibre Extraction		120	330	450	

r	1					
		2 ply CoirYarn	60	120	180	
		Curled Coir	20	40	60	
		Hand Ratt Rope	10	50	60	
		Total	210	540	750	
		Activity		Wages per d	ay (in Rs.)	
				Male	Female	
		Fibre Extraction		300	200	
		2 Ply Coir Yarn		300	200	
		Curled Coir		350	250	
		Hand Ratt Rope		350	250	
		•				
08.	Key Concern areas of the cluster	 Coir pith generate unutilized The present produ- mainly to interm fibre, Coir yarn a awareness on th production of valu In spite of im undertaken for products. Unacquainted v Service (BDS) p competitiveness upgradation, va promotion. Limited access to 	action i nediate and Cu ne ben ue adde umense value value vith l rovider thro' alue	in the cluster products suurled coir or nefits of gr ed finished p scope, no addition Business E rs, who wou inputs on addition at	r is restricted uch as Coir aly. Lack of aduating to roducts. o initiatives of existing Development and facilitate technology and market	
09.	Proposed Strategic	Soft Interventions:				
	Interventions	Capacity Buil	-	-		
		Market Prome	otion Ir	nitiatives		
		Hard Interventions:				
		Common facility proposed:				
		- 5 Kg. Pith block making				
		- Grow bags manufacturing				
		- 650 gm. Pith briquette				
		Thematic Intervent Participation in act		such as n	ational and	
		international level	brand	promotion	campaigns,	
		New Media marketin	ng, E-c	ommerce ini	itiatives etc.,	

		as detailed in the SFURTI implementation guidelines					
10.	Budget for Soft	Rs. 25.	Rs. 25.00 Lakhs				
11.	interventions Budget for Hard	Rs 125	00 Lakhs				
	interventions						
12.	Total Project cost (incl. WC & Agencies cost)	Rs.203	.50 Lakhs				
13.	Means of Finance	Grant un	der SFURTI sche	me : Rs.148.25	Lakhs		
		SPV sha	re : Rs.55.25 Lakl	ns (incl. Workin	ng Capital)		
14.	Post Intervention	S.No.	Parameter	Pre-	Post-		
	Scenario (Expected			interventio n	intervention		
	Impact)	1	Cluster Turnover (Rs. Lakhs)	2385	2915		
		2	Investment (Rs. Lakhs)	1150	1425		
		3	Employment (Nos.)	750	1050		
		4			380 - 400		
		5Export earnings (Rs. Lakhs)Nil200 - 250					
		6	Profitability (%)	8% to 10%	14% to 16%		
		 Emergence of specialized support service providers and their active involvement in the development process Establishment of new units by converging various schemes of State and Central Governments (such as Coir Udyami Yojana, NEEDS, PMEGP, UYEGP, etc.) resulting in additional investments in Coir sector by the cluster members 100% Coverage of cluster artisans under social security schemes Improved access to financial capital for cluster members 					
15.	Cluster Management	The clu	ister is propose	ed to be dev	eloped under		
		SFURT	I (Scheme of	Fund for Re	generation of		

Traditional Industries). The Coir Board is the Nodal agency (NA) and ITCOT Consultancy and Services Limited is the Technical Agency (TA) appointed by Coir Board. MABASET, the NGO is proposed as the Implementing Agency (IA).
A Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) is formed and registered as Private Limited Company under Companies Act, 2013 and rule 8 of the Companies (Incorporation) Rules, 2014 in the name of "SHREE MANGALAM COIR MATTRESS PRIVATE LIMITED" as per the Certificate of Incorporation issued by Registrar of Companies, Coimbatore dated 19.08.2015 Currently the SPV has 10 members and the SPV will be strengthened to manage the Cluster activities in sustainable nature after the project implementation is over

PREAMBLE

The Coir industry has to its credit a tradition and heritage of centuries. But development of Coir industry in India has begun in an organized way only in 1959. Ever since this humble beginning, Coir products have been improving in quality, quantity and variety. For historical reasons, cultivation of coconuts and extraction of Coir fibre and its further processing have taken deep roots in the state of Kerala. The rapid expansion of coconut cultivation in non-traditional areas increased the production of coconut and the industry has also developed gradually in the states of Tamil Nadu, Karnataka, Andhra pradesh and Orissa. Coir industry in India is one of the important rural industries. It provides source of income to about 5 lakhs artisans in rural areas. Women constitute about 80% of the work force in coir industry.

Coir has come a long way from the ancient uses. It is still used for agricultural and domestic purposes. It has also become an article of use in modern life either as garden article, as bags for the tea leaves, for training hops, as brush mats at the door steps, as long-wearing carpets in the corridors of the bungalow veranda, as tastefully planned floor coverings in the drawing room or as the runner on the staircase, as geo-fabric for controlling landslide or soil erosion, for protection of embankments of roads, railway and canals.

With a view to making the traditional coir industries more productive and competitive and facilitating their sustainable development, the Central government has announced Scheme of Fund for Regeneration of Traditional Industries (SFURTI). ITCOT Consultancy and Services Ltd. (ITCOT) has been appointed as Technical Agency by Coir Board for SFURTI Coir clusters in Tamilnadu. Subsequently, Coir Board has entrusted the task of preparation of Detailed Project Report for the Coir Cluster located at Dharmapuri to M/s. ITCOT Consultancy and Services Limited, Chennai. Accordingly, ITCOT has prepared the Detailed Project Report (DPR) for submitting the same for seeking approval from the Scheme Steering Committee (SSC). This report is prepared based on interaction with coir industrialists in the clusters, coir industry workers, industry association members, NGO's and support institutions in the district, Informal interviews with industry participants, machinery suppliers and experienced entrepreneurs, collection of secondary information etc.

The Chapter scheme of the diagnostic study report is as follows:

Cluster Profile is given in Chapter 1. Cluster Value Chain Mapping is given in Chapter 2. Market assessment and Demand Analysis is given in Chapter 3. SWOT and Need Gap Analysis is given in Chapter 4. Profile of the Implementing Agency in Chapter 5. Project Concept and Strategy Framework are detailed in Chapter 6. Core SFURTI Project Interventions are given in Chapter 7. Detailed analysis of Soft Interventions is given in Chapter 8 and analysis of Hard Interventions is given in Chapter 9. Project Cost and Means of Finance (Core SFURTI) is given in Chapter 10. Plan for Convergence Initiatives are given in Chapter 11. Enhanced Project Cost and Means of Finance are given in Chapter 12. Project Timeline is illustrated in Chapter 13. Detailed Business Plan is given in Chapter 14. Proposed Implementation Framework is given in Chapter 15. Expected Impact is detailed in Chapter 16.

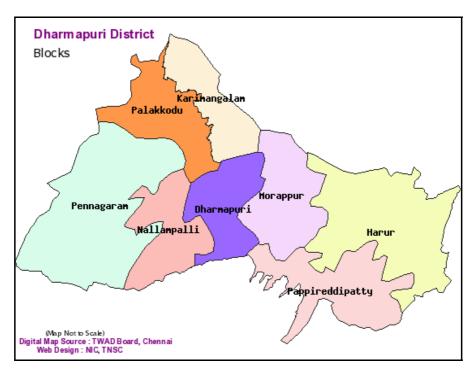
1 CLUSTER PROFILE

1.1 BACKGROUND

Dharmapuri district, which came into existence from 02.10.1965 is situated in the North western Corner of Tamil Nadu and is bounded by Tiruvannamalai and Villupuram Districts on the east, Salem District on the South, Krishnagiri District on the north and Kaveri river on the west. It is located between latitudes N 11 47' and 12 33' and longitudes E 77 02' and 78 40'. The total geographical area of Dharmapuri District is 4497.77 Sq Kms, i.e. 3.46% of Tamil Nadu.

1.2 Regional setting of the Cluster

The regional setting of the cluster extends over 3 Blocks viz. Dharmapuri, Karimangalam & Palakkodu. The block map of Dharmapuri district is given below:



The location of the cluster is adjacent to Salem district, which is a center of trade for the coir products and also to Krishnagiri district, which is known for industrial conglomeration, mainly at Hosur, the industrial city.

1.3 Location

The cluster coverage extends to Dharmapuri, Karimangalam & Palakkodu block, Dharmapuri District. The Geographical spread of the cluster measures about 20-25 Km radius.

1.4 Evolution of the Cluster

The Coir work can be observed across the District. The total coconut cultivation area of Dharmapuri district is 6,923 Hectares. The total production is 35467 Tones. It's mentioned that the coir industry at Dharmapuri is around seven decades old and gradually developed to the present level. At present the Coir Activities are taking place in Dharmapuri, Harur, Palacode, Pennagaram, Karimangalam & Pappirettipatti blocks of Dharmapuri District. The total production of nuts in the district is 121.16 million nuts.

Coir, being the natural fibre extracted from the husk of Coconut, Coir industries started flourishing in the district owing to the local availability of raw material and naturally the cluster evolved.

1.5 Demography and Growth trends

The statistical data of Dharmapuri district as per Census 2011 and the growth aspects with respect to Census 2001 is given below:

Description	2011	2001
Actual Population	1,506,843	1,295,182
Male	774,303	670,520
Female	732,540	624,662
Population Growth	16.34%	15.27%
Area Sq. Km	4,497	4,497
Density/km2	335	286
Proportion to Tamil Nadu Population	2.09%	2.08%

1.6 Socio-economic aspects

There is lot of scope for production of value added products having global demand. Coir Fibre is available in good quantity and quality. Coconut is cultivated in 6923 hectares in Dharmapuri District. 121.16 million nuts are produced and 60000 Metric Ton of fibre is produced per annum. The total turnover of the cluster is estimated around 200 crores per annum. There was a lot of demand for the fibre, two ply yarn and curled coir being produced here. The production and turnover of the coir units in the cluster is given below:

Product	No.of units	Production (in MT's)	Turnover (Rs.in Crores)
Coir Fibre	22	8250	13.20
2 ply Yarn	45	1125	3.60
Curled Coir	18	3350	6.15
Hand Ratt Rope	30	180	0.90
Total	115		23.85

It is to be noted that existence of units in the base value chain of Coir product is strong in the cluster and provides ample scope for value addition within the cluster.

1.7 Human Development Aspects

The total number of workers engaged in the Coir activity gender wise is given below:

Activity	Male	Female	Total
Fibre Extraction	120	330	450
2ply Coir Yarn	60	120	180
Curled Coir	20	40	60
Coir Rope	10	50	60
Total	210	540	750

The existing income level of the labour force in the Coir sector is given below:

Activity	Wages per day		
	Male	Female	
Fibre Extraction	300	200	
2ply & 3ply Coir Yarn	300	200	
Curled Coir	350	250	
Mat / Hand ratts	350	250	

Among these workers, 70% belongs to OBC category, 25% SC category and remaining 5% belongs to other categories.

1.8 Key Economic Activities in the region

Dharmapuri district forms a mojor horticultural belt in the state. As the area is drought-prone it has become essential to switch over to cultivation of drought tolerant perennial fruit crops in this district. Mango is the main horticulture crop of this district. It has the highest area under the fruit crops. The district accounts for nearly one-third area under mango and nearly one-half of the mango yield in the state. Palacode is the main area where tomato is cultivated. Chilli is cultivated mainly at Pennagaram. Other crops such as Coconut, Paddy, Tapioca, Sugarcane, Ragi, Groundnut, Turmeric, Tamarind, Cotton are cultivated in the district.

Dharmapuri district is endowed with sizeable reserves of Granite in Pennagaram, Harur and Palacode blocks. Another high value mineral available here is Malibdinum, which is a good conductor, available in Harur.

DETAILS OF MAJOR CLUSTERS

- i) Tamarind Processing
- ii) Jaggery Manufacturing
- iii)Tapioca Starch Manufacturing.
- iv)Power Looms (Towels)
- v) Printing

INDUSTRIAL CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETIES :

S. No.	Name of the society	Line of activity	
1	Dharmapuri District Polythene workers' ICS LTD.,	Polythene Bags	
2	Dharmapuri S.M.P.S. ICS LTD.,	Match Services	
3	Dharmapuri District Small Scall Indl. Co-op Society	Engineering	
4	Chinnamanchavadi Hill Tribes Coconut ICS	DORMANT Coir Yarn	
5	Harur Women Coir workers Indl. Co-op Society	Coir Mats	
6	Navalai Coir workers Indl. Co-op Society	Coir Yarn	
7	Kadamadai AD Coir workers Indl. Co-op Society	Coir Mats	
8	Paparapatti AD Coir workers Indl. Co-op Society	Coir Yarn	
9	Dharmapuri District.Printers, Service ICS LTD.,	Printing	
10	Sakkilipatti Cement Articles Mfrs ICS LTD	Cement Articles	

1	Area	4497 Sq.K.M.					
	Population (as per	1,506,843					
		Male Female (Others	Total		
2	Provisional 2011	774,,303	732	,540	0	1,506,843	
	Census)	Rural	Ur	ban		Total	
		1,245,931	260	,912	1	,506,843	
3	No.of Revenue Divisions	2					
4	No.of Taluks	5					
5	No.of Revenue Villages	470	470				
6	No.of Panchayat Unions	8					
7	No.of Village Panchayats	251					
8	No.of Town Panchayats	10					
9	No.of Municipalities	1					
10	Transportation	National Highways NH 7(Kanyakumari -Varnasi)					
11	Industries	Large Scale Industry – 1 Small Scale Industry - 328 Cottage Industries – 124					

1.9 Infrastructure details of Dharmapuri District

A Sub-station commissioned by the Power Grid Corporation of India with a capacity of 765/400 KV sub-station at Somanaalli, in Dharmapuri district is notable in infrastructure point of view. The sub-station in an extent of 112 acre land on the Dharmapuri-Hogenakkal Road at a cost of Rs.800 crore functions as a transmission hub to transmit the power generated from the 4000 MW thermal power station in Tuticorin.

National Highways(N.H.7) connecting Kanyakumari to Kashmir, (N.H.46)Chennai to Bangalore, and (N.H.66) Pondichery to Bangalore passes through the District.

2 CLUSTER VALUE CHAIN MAPPING

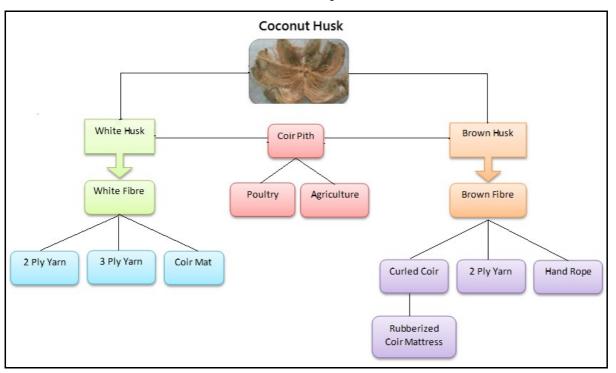
2.1 Product Profile

The following products are produced in the cluster presently.

- o Coir Fibre
- o Coir 2 PlyYarn
- Coir 3 Ply Yarn
- o Hand Ratt Rope
- Curled Coir
- Coir Mat

2.2 Production Process

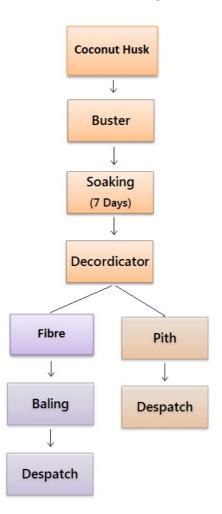
The Product flow from the raw material is depicted in the chart below:



Coir Fibre:

The coconut husk (raw material) is collected from the farms and stored. The collected husk is soaked in water. Then soaked material is fed into the decorticator wherein the fibre and pith are separated. The fibre is dried in the sunlight and is pressed in the form of 35-Kg bundles by using balling press and dispatched for sales.

The process flow chart for Coir Fibre extraction is given below:



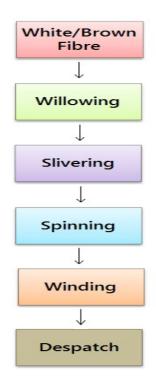
Two Ply Coir Yarn:

2 & 3 Ply Coir yarn spinning is similar to cotton yarn spinning. The processes involved given here under:

- a. Willowing
- b. Slivering
- c. Spinning
- d. Winding

Cor fibre obtained from fibre extraction units and is wetted by spraying water. After 2-3 hours, the wetted fibre is passed through the willowing machine to remove the impurities and the place the fibre and parallel to each other. The fibre is then fed in to slivering machine wherein it is converted in to sliver form. The slivers are spun into yarn as per specifications in the spinning machine. The yarn is then cleaned and wound in to rolls and is now ready for the market.

The process flow chart for Two Ply Coir Yarn spinning is given below:



Curled Coir Rope:

The clean fibre is fed to the hackling machine in which the fibre is loosened, opened out and teased to facilitate easy curling. Then the hackled fibre is fed to the curling machine in which the fibre is straightened passing through the rollers and curled in the spinning head. The curled rope is wound on bobbins and the bobbin head. The hopper feeder is provided for feeding uniform weight from the quantity of fibre to the curling machine. The ropes of different diameters can be produced on the curling machine.

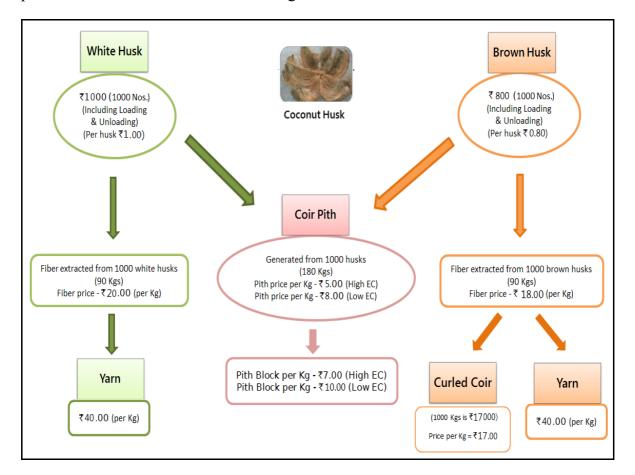


Hand Ratt Coir Rope

Someof the yarn producers are of the household organisation type. Many of them have only one ratt. Each such household unit employs three workers, including the family members. During times of rise in demand, the 'one-ran' producers lease an additional ran and increase production to the extent allowed by their scale of working capital and the land space available.

2.3 Value Chain Analysis

The incremental value of the cluster products from the basic raw material to the final product manufactured in the cluster is given below:

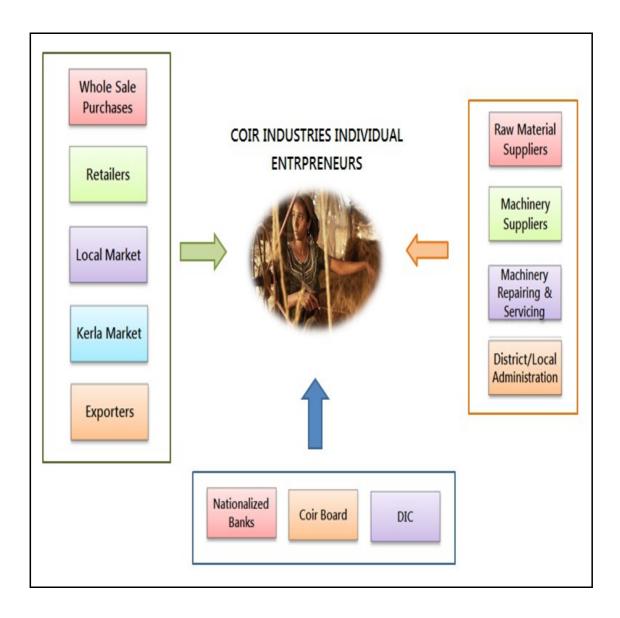


It is observed that the value addition in the cluster is limited to intermediate product level and the need and scope for value addition for coir sector in the cluster is considered significant. The cost of Green husk including loading and unloading is valued at Rs.0.80, which is incremented to Rs.16.00 per Kg. of fibre, which is further incremented to Rs.32.00 per Kg. of 2 ply yarn, Rs.40.00 per Kg. of 3 ply yarn &

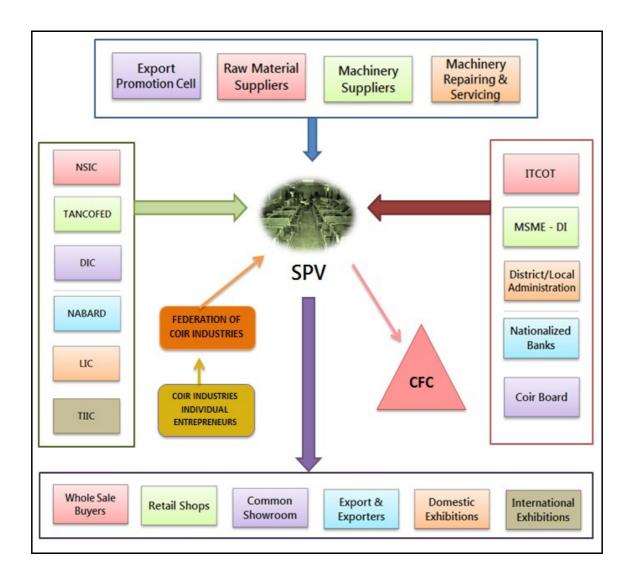
Rs.60.00 per 800 gm. weighed coir floor mat subsequently. Similarly the cost of Brown husk including loading and unloading is valued at Rs.0.70, which is incremented to Rs.14.00 per Kg. of fibre, which is further incremented to Rs.32.00 per Kg. of Curled coir and Rs.27.00 per Kg. of yarn.

2.4 Cluster Map

The **Pre-intervention Cluster map** depicting the existing linkages of the cluster is given below:



The **Post-interventions Cluster map** depicting the linkages after the implementation of cluster development initiatives is given below:



2.5 Principal Stakeholders

COIR BOARD

Coir Board is the Nodal Agency for the SFURTI scheme. The coir Board set up by the Government of India under an act of parliament the coir Industry act 1953. Coir Board provides financial, market development, skill training assistance for the development of coir Industry and also extends the technical guidance and advice for setting up of new units as well as for renewal/modernization of existing units for development and increasing productivity, quality up-gradation etc.

DISTRICT INDUSTRIES CENTRE (DIC)

The District Industries Centre, located in all district headquarters, is the State government body functioning under the aegis of department of industries and commerce. DIC implements various schemes (UYEGP, NEEDS, PMEGP etc.,) to promote MSME sector.

TAMILNADU CORP. FOR DEVELOPMENT OF WOMEN (TNCDW)

TNCDW is one of the government agencies implementing many schemes for Self Helf Groups. They also implement Tamil Nadu State Rural Livlihood Mission (TNSRLM) towards poverty eradication.

NABARD

NABARD is the financial institution focusing on Agriculture and Rural Development activities. Presently, they are also focusing on artisan cluster development.

LEAD BANK

Indian Bank is the Lead bank in Dharmapuri district. Lead bank will do the role of that for financial assistance to be availed in the cluster.

ITCOT Consultancy and Services Limited (ITCOT)

ITCOT Consultancy and Services Limited, popularly known as ITCOT, is the state technical consultancy organization, promoted by all India financial institutions, State Development Corporations and Commercial Banks. ITCOT has wide experience in providing support services to micro and small enterprises under various government schemes. ITCOT, having its head office at Chennai, has project offices at Erode and Salem involved in enterprise promotion and development. ITCOT has been empanelled as Technical Agency under SFURTI scheme by KVIC and Coir Board.

Commercial & Cooperative Banks

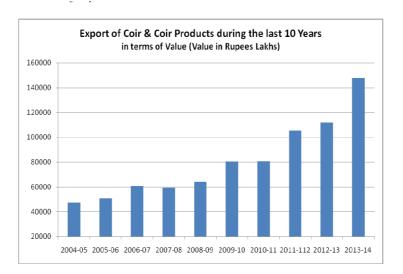
There is a good network of commercial Cooperative banks in the cluster. They offer both cash credit and term loan facilities to the coir industry. However, institutional finance for coir industry is limited and there is a large gap between the need for the credit and its availability.

3 MARKET ASSESSMENT AND DEMAND ANALYSIS

Coir industry is of great importance to the coconut producing states in India, as it contributes significantly to the economy of rural areas. Kerala is the largest producer of coconut, contributing as much as 45% of country's total production, whereas Tamilnadu stands second in cultivation of coconut and first in production of brown coir fibre in the country. The State wise potential for production of Coir Fibre is given below:

S.No.	State	Area ('000 Ha)	Production (in million nuts)	Coir fibre potential @ 60% husk utilization (MT)
1	Kerala	766.00	7057.88	338778
2	Tamilnadu	430.70	6211.21	298138
3	Karnataka	511.00	5915.33	283936
4	Andhra pradesh	142.00	1985.00	95280
5	Orissa	53.90	403.25	19356
6	West Bengal	29.10	395.28	18973
7	Gujarat	20.90	340.58	16348
8	Assam	20.80	304.47	14615
9	Other states/Uts	96.30	738.20	35403
	Total	2070.70	23351.20	1120827

The export of coir products are in the increasing trend during the last 10 years as illustrated in the graph below:



The major products that are exported are Coir fibre, Coir pith and Mats. It has been observed that the percentage growth in value of export of Coir fibre has been 58.77%

in 2013-14 compared to the previous year. Also the percentage growth in value of export of Coir pith has been 38.20% in 2013-14 compared to the previous year. The Product wise export details of coir products in 2013-14 is given below:

Q=Quantity in M.T					V= Value i	n Rs.Lakh
	April -2013 - N	arch 2014	April-2012 - Ma	rch- 2013	%Growth Cumulative	
Item	Q	v	Q	V	Q	v
Coir Fibre	173902	32878.11	140693	20707.66	23.60	58.7
Coir Yarn	4247	2848.26	4202	2387.22	1.07	19.3
Handloom mat	22609	23623.82	24151	22810.10	-6.38	3.5
Powerloom mat	234	278.36	2	3.15	11600.00	8736.8
Tufted mat	43752	41776.39	37289	33572.91	17.33	24.4
Handloom matting	3425	3353.91	1418	1702.77	141.54	96.9
Powerloom matting	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.0
Geo textiles	4468	3503.78	3597	2628.74	24.21	33.2
Coir rugs & Carpet	93	105.99	95	133.38	-2.11	-20.5
Coir rope	498	390.17	420	282.41	18.57	38.1
Curled Coir	11263	2947.93	8883	2112.46	26.79	39.5
Rubberised Coir	965	1560.76	322	495.01	199.69	215.3
Coir pith	271495	34173.23	208399	24727.61	30.28	38.2
Coir other sorts	89	163.13	30	39.33	196.67	314.7
Total	537040	147603.84	429501	111602.75	25.04	32.2

The percentage of share of each product with respect to total exports, both in Quantity and Value for the year 2013-14 is given below:

Name of the item	Apri2013-I	March 2014	Apri2012-N	larch 2013
	Qty %	Value%	Qty %	Value %.
Tufted Mat	8.15	28.30	8.68	30.08
Coir Pith	50.55	23.15	48.52	22.16
Handloom Mats	4.21	16.00	5.62	20.44
Coir Fibre	32.38	22.27	32.76	18.55
Geo Textile	0.83	2.37	0.84	2.36
Coir Yarn	0.79	1.93	0.98	2.14
Curled Coir	2.10	2.00	2.07	1.89
Handloom Matting	0.64	2.27	0.33	1.53
Rubberised Coir	0.18	1.06	0.07	0.44
Coir Rope	0.09	0.26	0.10	0.25
Coir Rugs & Carpet	0.02	0.07	0.02	0.12
Coir Other Sorts	0.02	0.11	0.01	0.04
Powerloom Mat	0.04	0.19	0.00	0.00
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

Composition of Export (Share in %)

The Top five County wise Exports of Coir and Coir products in the year 2013-14:

S.No.	Country	Quatity	Value	Quantity	Value
5.110.	Country	(in MTs)	(Rs.Lakhs)	(%)	(%)

1	China	192110.62	36050.66	35.77	24.42
2	USA	55091.03	30026.05	10.26	20.34
3	Netherlands	53786.54	10870.04	10.02	7.36
4	UK	11987.01	8600.98	2.23	5.83
5	South Korea	67042.97	7020.54	12.48	4.76

As far as the cluster is concerned the product line is Coir Fibre, Curled coir, 2ply coir yarn & Coir Rope. The Coir Fibre produced in the cluster is utilized for production of 2ply coir yarn, Hand Rope and Curled coir. Coir Fibre is also purchased from outside the cluster area during demand seasons. The pith generated during fibre extraction is not at all utilized in the cluster.

The Coir yarn produced in the cluster is directly marketed to Salem yarn market, Chittur and Bangalore areas. Curled coir is marketed directly as well as through dealers to Hosur, Bangalore, Andrapradesh, Madhyapradesh & Orissa. It is observed that the market potential for value added products are not at all tapped by the cluster with its current products and hence value added products having good market potential needs to be identified to tap the existing market potential.

4 SWOT AND NEED GAP ANALYSIS

STRENGTHS:

- Existence of Fibre Extraction units, Curled Coir units and two ply yarn units in the cluster provides immense scope for value addition.
- > Existence of engineering infrastructure such as workshops and lathes.
- Readiness of the new generation to enter this trade
- > Well established physical infrastructure such as road, rail, power, water etc.
- > Excellent network of commercial and co-operative banks in the cluster.
- Limited competition from big players as the trade is labour intensive
- Availability of required labour force.
- Presence of Support institutions such as Coir Board, District Industries Centre, Commercial banks, ITCOT etc.

WEAKNESSES:

- > No value addition of Coir pith within the cluster
- As coconut palm does not withstand prolonged spells of extreme weather/ climatic variations, the uninterrupted availability of Coconut husk (basic raw material for coir sector) depends on weather/climatic conditions, which results in scarcity of raw material due to hot/dry summer.
- Lack of awareness on the incremental benefits of manufacturing of value added finished products.
- > Lack of formal networks for marketing and input procurement
- Limited contact with BDS providers and Technical Institutions
- > Weak linkages with banks and financial institutions

OPPORTUNITIES:

- > Potential for product diversification and value addition from existing products.
- Increasing Domestic and Export market prospects for coir products.
- > Implementation of SFURTI Scheme for focused development of the cluster.

THREATS:

- > Competition from products such as Nylon, Jute Sisal fibre etc.
- Competition from coconut growing country viz.: Sri Lanka, Indonesia & Philippines etc.
- Utilization of husk for fuel purposes

NEED GAP ANALYSIS:

The key concern areas of the cluster are identified to be:

- Coir Pith generated from Fibre extraction units remain unutilized.
- Absence of collective/collaborative efforts to undertake common initiatives and to address common problems, as no registered association exists in the cluster.
- The present production in the cluster is restricted mainly to intermediate products such as Coir fibre, Coir yarn and Curled coir only. Lack of awareness on the benefits of graduating to production of value added finished products.
- In spite of immense scope, no initiatives undertaken for value addition of Coir pith generated during fibre extraction.
- Unacquainted with Business Development Service (BDS) providers, who would facilitate competitiveness thro' inputs on technology upgradation, value addition and market promotion.
- Limited access to institutional finance.

5 PROFILE OF THE IMPLEMENTING AGENCY

1	Institutional Structure / Registration Details	MAHAKAVI BHARATHIYAR SCIENCE AND EDUCATIONAL TRUST (MABASET)
B.1	Legal Status	Registered as Trust
B.2	Date of Incorporation / Registration	February 1999/ RegNo:142/99 ERD
B.3	Registered Address	45, Puthu villeyam palayam, Kandikattuvalasu,(po), Avalpoondurai, Erode – 638115. Tamilnadu.
B.4	Office Address / Location	Head Office (Erode) MABASET, 45, Puthu villeyam palayam, Kandikattuvalasu,(po), Avalpoondurai, Erode – 638115. Tamilnadu
		Camp Office (Palacode, DHARMAPURI) MABASET, Near Eranaalli PACB, Paparapatti Road, Palacode, DHARMAPURI- 636808.

B. Profile of the Implementing Agency (IA)

II	Governance	#	Name of the	Designation	Back Ground /	Contact
	structure		Member		Profile	Number
B.5	Composition of the Trustees and	1	R.Sevvilamparithi, BSc., LLB	President	Advocate/ Social worker	9486353338
	Back ground of the Memebers	2	R.Tharuganan, ME.	Secretary	Entrepreneurship development	7598480869
		3	Supa.Chidambaram, BSc	Treasurer	Entrepreneur	9443356349
		4	V.Devaraj, ICWA, MBA.	Member	Auditor	9944143205
		5	K.S.Naaghanathan, BE.	Member	Retd. Bank Manager	
						7871607878

III	Operational Profile	
B.6	Major Objectives – Vision, Mission, Goal of the Organisation	 Vision : To improve the productivity of the Nation Mission : To impart entrepreneurial skills to the aspiring society and thereby facilitate economic development of the Nation
		 Objective : To create awareness on the Government policies and programme To facilitate various Government scheme support reach out to the target beneficiaries. To provide support services to the budding entrepreneurs
B.7	What are the focus areas of Operations	 Hand holding services to new entrepreneurs for setting up Micro Small & Medium Enterprises (MSME) Financial consultancy services for MSMEs Event management for social development programs Counselling services for new generation entrepreneurs Employability skill training Women & child empowerment programs
B.8	Provide Key Projects / Activities being undertaken by the IA – Brief Description including the project scope , size , duration (mention specific experience in the area / sector of the proposed project	 MABASET has been empanelled by the Ministry of MSME, GoI as <u>"UDAYAMI</u> MITRA" under the Rajiv Gandhi Udyami Mitra Yojana (RGUMY) scheme of the Central government to provide hand holding services to new generation entrepreneurs MABASET has been approved as Franchisee for establishing Training cum Incubation Center (TIC) in association with NSIC Ltd, New Delhi_(a PSE under the Ministry of MSME) to extend Incubation service & impart skill training in the areas of Welding, Electrical sector, Food processing & Garments making vide NSIC letter dated 25.08.2011 MABASET has extended support services (event management) to more than 40 Entrepreneurship Development Programs (EDP) conducted by the Ministry of MSME,GoI through their MSME-DI of

		 Chennai & Coimbatore Branch at Erode Dist 4) MABASET has also provided resource persons to various Entrepreneurship Development Programs & Entrepreneurship Awareness Campaigns conducted by MSMEDI, ITCOT, DIC, Banks, TNWDC, Educational Institutions, etc – mostly for the rural population at rural places 5) Specific Skill Development Training Programs (SDTP) were organized by MABASET with the corpus fund of the Trust and nearly 15 SDTPs comprising of 300 trainees were conducted during the past 3 years in the areas like Food Processing, Paper products, Readymade Garments 6) MABASET has been maintaining / updating a database of local industries & business units collected from Industry associations and provides linkage for marketing and raw materials sourcing
B.9	Mention Key Clients / Donors associated with for Project implementation along with details on the nature of association	MSME-DI, Coimbatore Branch NSIC,Coimbatore Branch DIC – Coimbatore, Tiruppur, Erode & Ooty
B.10	Mention Key Partnerships / alliances (If any)	

IV	MANAGEMENT PROFILE				
B.11	Background of Key Personal (Professionals and others) with brief profile of the				
	Senior Management Personnel				
No	Name	Designation	Responsibilities		
1	R.THARUGANAN.	Secretary	To promote entrepreneurship		
			development activities and		
			employability skill development		
			activities		
2	K.S.NAAGHANATHAN	Member	To provide advisory services on		
			Banking, Investment and Viability		
			with special reference to Micro and		
			Small Enterprises		

VI	BANK ACCOUNT DETAILS	
B.12	NAME OF THE BANK	BANK OF MAHARASHTRA
B.13	BRANCH NAME	ERODE-
B.14	BANK ACCOUNT NUMBER	20167213839

VII	CONTACT DETAILS	
B.15	Name Of The Contact Person	R. THARUGANAN
B.16	Designation Of Contact Person	Secretary
B.17	Correspondence Address	45, Puthu villeyam palayam, Kandikattuvalasu,(po), Avalpoondurai, Erode – 638115. Tamilnadu
B.18	Contact Number	7598480869
B.19	E-mail Address	tharuganan@gmail.com

6 PROJECT CONCEPT AND STRATEGY FRAMEWORK

6.1 Project Rationale

The project rationale is to rejuvenate the existing product mix in the cluster and to enhance the competitiveness through capacity building of the entrepreneurs. Bridging the technological gaps, thereby reducing the cost of production, effective utilization of existing raw material resource, improving the quality of the products and establishing strong market linkages elevates the cluster to a higher level in terms of value addition, turnover, employment and income level.

6.2 Project Objective

- Strengthening linkages among the Cluster members and actors and to have a Collaborative setup to address common problems
- Effective utilization of available raw material resource (Curled coir) in the cluster by strengthening the linkages with raw material suppliers.
- > To address current production and supply bottlenecks
- Exploit the benefits arising due to optimization of resources and economies of scale

6.3 Focus Products/Services

In addition to the Soft interventions for Capacity building and Market promotion initiatives, the following facility is proposed as intervention for the development of the cluster:

- 5 Kg. Pith blocks to utilize Coir pith available within the cluster effectively and value addition to high value marketable product.
- Grow bags- to utilize Coir pith available within the cluster effectively and value addition to high value marketable product
- 650 gm Pith briquette to utilize Coir pith available within the cluster effectively and value addition to high value marketable product

6.4 Conceptual Framework / Project Strategy

- Strengthen linkages within the cluster with other SMEs, larger enterprises, support institutions, banks etc. At times such linkages are also created with important organizations (private/public) outside the cluster;
- Assist cluster stakeholders to develop a consensus-based vision for the cluster as a whole;
- Help stakeholders to coordinate their actions and pool their resources to move towards a shared vision for the cluster as a whole; and
- Create an autonomous governance framework, in a step-by-step process that will sustain dynamism and change in the cluster after the withdrawal of the implementing agency

7 PROJECT INTERVENTIONS (CORE SFURTI)

The Core SFURTI project interventions include Soft Interventions (as detailed in Chapter 8) and Hard Interventions (as detailed in Chapter 9), in addition to Crosscutting thematic interventions,

Capacity Building:

- <u>Trust Building</u>: For strong association among cluster members to address common problems.
- <u>Awareness Programme</u>: To provide awareness about SFURTI scheme benefits, Cluster development initiatives and the prospects for value added products in Coir sector
- <u>Entrepreneurship Development Programme</u>: To foster entrepreneurship among cluster members.
- <u>Skill Upgradation Programme</u>: To increase the skilled labour force in the cluster to address the problem of limited skilled labour availability.
- <u>Exposure Visit</u>: Visit to other vibrant cluster, research institutions etc. to understand the synergic effect and dynamics of vibrant clusters and to demonstrate the technology and marketability for value added products.

Market Promotional Activities

- <u>Market Study Tour</u>: To enable the cluster members to gain a deeper understanding of the business environment and market dynamics in Coir sector.
- <u>Participation in Trade Fairs</u>: To conduct business, cultivate cluster's image and to examine the market. The main objectives of participation of trade fairs are:
 - Increased Sales
 - Product showcasing for enhanced product visibility
 - Establish qualified leads

In addition, trade fairs are the ideal place for surveying the market, comparing prices and sales terms etc.

• <u>Buyer Seller Meet</u>: To meet various players in the value chain for building business contacts and enhance marketability

The hard interventions proposed to enhance the product of the cluster and to achieve increased cluster turnover through production of value added product is:

• Rubberized Curled Coir Mattresses manufacturing facility.

THEMATIC INTERVENTIONS:

Cluster's active involvement and participation in activities such as national and international level brand promotion campaigns, New Media marketing, E-commerce initiatives etc. as proposed under the SFURTI implementation guidelines is projected as part of thematic interventions.

8 SOFT INTERVENTIONS

CAPACITY BUILDING

S. No	Particulars	
1	Proposed Programme / Intervention	Trust Building and motivational programme
2	Target group	Lead cluster members
3	No. of Batches	2
4	Batch size	50 nos
5	Training content	Self & Group motivation
6	Trainer / Training Institution	ITCOT Consultancy and Services Limited
7	Cost of Training programme	Rs. 1,00,000/-
8	Implementation timeling	Year I
	Implementation timeline	Quarter I

S. No	Particulars	
1	Proposed Programme / Intervention	Awareness Programme
2	Target group	Coir Entrepreneurs, workers & Raw material suppliers
3	No. of Batches	2
4	Batch size	50 nos
5	Training content	About Cluster concept, SFURTI scheme, and other Government schemes
6	Trainer / Training Institution	ITCOT Consultancy and Services Limited
7	Cost of Training programme	Rs. 1,50,000/-
8	Implementation timeline	Year I Quarter I & Quarter II

S. No	Particulars	
1	Proposed Programme / Intervention	Entrepreneurship Development Programme
2	Target group	Coir Entrepreneurs
3	No. of Batches	2
4	Batch size	25 nos
5	Training content	Motivation, Govt Subsidy Schemes, Banker role in Industries, Government statuary approvals, Marketing
6	Trainer / Training Institution	ITCOT Consultancy and Services Limited
7	Cost of Training programme	Rs. 2,50,000/-
8	Implementation timeline	Year I Quarter III

S. No	Particulars	
1	Proposed Programme / Intervention	Skill upgradation Programme
2	Target group	Coir beneficiaries of CUY beneficiary spinners & ratt spinners
3	No. of Batches	4
4	Batch size	25 nos
5	Training content	Skill Training on machine spinning of yarn
6	Trainer / Training Institution	Coir Board
7	Cost of Training programme	Rs. 2,50,000/-
8	Implementation timeline	Year I Quarter III & Quarter IV

S. No	Particulars	
1	Proposed Programme / Intervention	Exposure tours
2	Target group	Coir Entrepreneurs
3	No. of batches	As per requirement
4	Programme content	Visiting other Coir clusters to understand cluster dynamics and technology update
5	Coordinating Institution	ITCOT Consultancy and Services Limited
6	Cost of programme	Rs. 2,50,000/-
7	Implementation timeline	Year II Quarter I

MARKET PROMOTION

S. No	Particulars	
1	Proposed Programme / Intervention	Market study tours
2	Target group	Coir Entrepreneurs
3	No. of Batches	As per requirement
4	Programme content	To understand market dynamics, To interact with market intermediaries to understand the market potential in potential market centers
5	Coordinating Institution	IA & TA
6	Cost of programme	Rs. 3,00,000/-
7	Implementation timeline	Year II Quarter I / Quarter II

S. No	Particulars	
1	Proposed Programme / Intervention	Participation in Trade fairs
2	Target group	SPV members
3	No. of Batches	As per requirement
4	Training content	Participation & Exhibit cluster products
5	Trainer / Training Institution	Coir Board
6	Cost of Training programme	Rs. 6,00,000/-
7	Implementation timeline	Year II - Quarter II / Quarter III

S. No	Particulars	
1	Proposed Programme / Intervention	Buyer Seller Meet
2	Target group	SPV members
3	No. of Batches	As per requirement
4	Training content	Direct Contact with Buyers
5	Trainer / Training Institution	IA, TA & Coir Board
6	Cost of Training programme	Rs. 3,00,000/-
7	Implementation timeline	Year II - Quarter III / Quarter IV

S. No	Particulars	
1	Proposed Programme / Intervention	Tie up with Business Development
		and service(BDS) providers SPV members As per requirement
2	Target group	SPV members
3	No. of Batches	As per requirement
	Training content	New Product development
4		New design development
	_	New design development (Rubberized Curled Coir Mattresses)
5	Trainer / Training Institution	BDS Providers
6	Cost of Training programme	Rs. 3,00,000/-
7	Implementation timeline	Year III - Quarter I / Quarter II

9 HARD INTERVENTIONS

CREATION OF COMMON FACILITY CENTRE:

<u>Land:</u>

The following land has been identified for lease for creating the Common Facility Centre. An affidavit for CFC land arrangement has been provided by the SPV. The details of the Land is as follows:

Land	Area of Extent	Proposed CFC activity
S.F.No.369-1E & 369-1F,	1.35 Acres	5 kgs. Pith block, Grow
Guddor Village, Thindal Post,		bags, 650 gms. Pith
Karimangalam Via, Palacode Tk,		briquette
Dharmapuri Dist-635 111		

Location:

The land proposed for CFC is in Guddor village which is 5 kms. From Karimangalam town and located in between Karimangalam and Pannandur. The labour force will be sourced from the nearby villages Karimangalam Thindal, & Guddor, . The above proposed site is situated nearby a lake which gives surplus water source for pith washing. The electricity power is available near the proposed land.

Cost & Area	of Building	works:
	0	

CFC activities	Built up Area	Cost per Sq.ft.	Cost of Building
CFC activities	(in Sq.ft)	(in Rs.)	(Rs. in Lakhs)
5 Kg. Pith Block	1500	800	12.00
Grow bags	2000	800	16.00
650 gm. Pith briquette	1500	800	12.00
Drying yard	2000	250	5.00
Total			Rs.45.00 Lakhs

The following common facility is proposed for the Dharmapuri Coir Cluster to enhance the product mix and market reach.

I) <u>5 kg. Pith Block making facility:</u>

<u>1. Project Description:</u>

The pith block making process involves receiving of pith, washing, drying, seiving and compacting as 5kg. block on user charge basis. This facility is proposed in view of increasing the profitability of the cluster.

<u>2. Project Justification</u>:

Effective utilization of available raw material resource (coir pith) in Dharmapuri, Salem and Krishnagiri districts. This facility is proposed in view of increased export earnings for the cluster.

3. Proposed Machineries & Cost:

S.No.	Machinery Description	Quantity	Total Price (Rs. in Lakhs)
1.	5 Kg. block making machine	1	14.00
2.	Assessories (Screener, Conveyor, Trolly etc.,)	-	03.50
3.	Tools & Handling Equipments (Weighing scale, Platform scale)	-	00.50
	TOTAL		18.00

4. Raw material availability:

The raw material required per ton of output is 1.200 Tonnes. The cost of raw material per ton is Rs.6500/-. The raw material will be sourced from the cluster itself.

5. Operation and maintenance model:

The IA is responsible for the operation and maintenance of the CFC assets until scheme period and the SPV has to manage the entire operation on its own after project implementation period is over. The operation and maintenance cost is proposed to be managed with the income from the operations of the Common facilities through User fee.

7. Implementation timeline:

Year II – Quarter II & Quarter III (Total Project timeline is given in Chapter 13)

II. Grow Bag manufacturing facility:

<u>1. Project Description:</u>

The Grow bag is a soil less growing medium mainly used in green houses, for growing vegetables in various countries. The standard size of grow bag is 100 x 18 x 16 cms and the product weight is 2.86 Kgs. The production process of grow bag manufacturing comprises the following stages.

- ✤ Collection of raw materials
- ✤ Screening to remove fines upto 45%
- ✤ Weighing the raw material
- ✤ Feeding the machine
- ✤ Weighing the slab
- ✤ Insertion of slab in UV bag
- ✤ Sealing the bag
- ✤ Palleting
- ✤ Ready for despatch

This facility is a value added process, proposed in view of increased export earnings for the cluster.

<u>2. Project Justification:</u>

The project is proposed for effective utilization of coir pith generated in the cluster. Grow bags have prospective export market potential. Hence the project is proposed to increase the cluster turnover and export earnings.

<u>3. Proposed Machineries and Cost:</u>

S.No.	Machinery Description	Quantity	Total Price (Rs. in Lakhs)
1.	Grow bag Machine	1	22.00
2.	Shaker(10feet)	1	2.00
3.	Cutting Machine and accessories	1	2.00
	Total		26.00

4. Raw Material Availability:

Coir Pith is the raw material of grow bag manufacturing process. The raw material required per ton of output is 2 Tonnes. Major quantity of raw material will be sourced from the cluster area.

5. Marketing Strategy:

Grow Bag, the soil less growing medium, is the most wanted horticultural product from countries such as Holland, France, Spain, Italy, Israel, Canada, South Korea, U.S.A etc., The SPV lead members have already started establishing linkages with buyers from Holland & France to have a buy back arrangement for the entire production.

<u>6. Operation and Maintenance Model:</u>

The IA is responsible for the operation and maintenance of the CFC assets until scheme period and the SPV has to manage the entire operation on its own after project implementation period is over. The operation and maintenance cost is proposed to be managed with the income from the operations of the Common facility.

<u>8. Implementation Timeline:</u>

Year II – Quarter II & III (Total Project timeline is given in Chapter 13)

III. 650 gm. Pith Briquette making facility:

<u>1. Project Description:</u>

This process is similar to the above mentioned 5kg pith block making but for the size of the pith block, which is 650 gm. in this process. This facility would result in increased export earnings of the cluster and increased marketability of the product.

<u>2. Project Justification:</u>

Effective utilization of available raw material resource (coir pith) in Dharmapuri and Krishnagiri districts. This facility is proposed in view of increased export earnings for the cluster.

S.No.	Machinery Description	Quantity	Total Price (Rs. in Lakhs)
1.	650 gm. block making machine	1	13.50
2.	Shrink wrapping machine	2	03.50
	TOTAL		17.00

3. Proposed Machineries & Cost:

4. Raw material availability:

The raw material required per ton of output is 1.200 Tonnes. The cost of raw material per ton is Rs.6500/-. The major raw material will be sourced from the cluster itself.

<u>6. Operation and maintenance model:</u>

The IA is responsible for the operation and maintenance of the CFC assets until scheme period and the SPV has to manage the entire operation on its own after project implementation period is over. The operation and maintenance cost is proposed to be managed with the income from the operations of the Common facilities through User fee.

<u>7. Implementation timeline:</u>

Year II – Quarter II & Quarter III (Total Project timeline is given in Chapter 13)

IV.Pith Handling Infrastruture(CFC internal & User units)

As the project is completely pith oriented, the following vehicles are proposed for internal pith handling within the CFC and also for transport of pith from the member/user units.

S.No.	Machinery Description	Utility	Quantity	Total Price (Rs.)
1	Tractor	To transport Coir Pith from user	1	8,00,000
2	Trailer	units	1	1,50,000
3	Mini tractor	For ploughing dried pith in CFC yard	1	3,25,000
4	Hackler	For hackling the dried pith for further processing	1	25000
	Total			1300000

10 PROJECT COST AND MEANS OF FINANCE (Core SFURTI)

The estimated project cost based on the computations of the project interventions and the means of finance for the project is given below:

S.No.	Proposed Interventions	Project Cost (Rs.Lakhs)	GOI Share (in lakhs)	SPV Share (in lakhs)
1	SOFT INTERVENTIONS			
1.1	Capacity Building			
1.1.1	Trust building and motivational programme	1.00	1.00	-
1.1.2	Awareness Programme	1.50	1.50	-
1.1.3	Entrepreneurship Development Programme	2.50	2.50	-
1.1.4	Skill Upgradation Programme	2.50	2.50	-
1.1.5	Exposure Tour	2.50	2.50	-
	Total Capacity Building cost	10.00	10.00	
1.2	Market Promotion			
1.2.1	Market Study Tour	3.00	3.00	-
1.2.2	Participation in Trade fairs	6.00	6.00	-
1.2.3	Buyer Seller Meet	3.00	3.00	-
1.2.4	Tie up with Business Development Service (BDS) providers	3.00	3.00	-
	Total Market Promotion cost	15.00	15.00	-
	Total Soft Interventions Cost	25.00	25.00	-
				CONTD

2	HARD INTERVENTIONS			
2.1	Building for CFC	45.00	33.75	11.25
2.2	Machinery & Other infra for Common Facility Proposed			
2.2.1	5 Kg. Pith block making machineries	18.00	13.50	4.50
2.2.2	Grow bags making machineries	26.00	19.50	6.50
2.2.3	650 gm. Pith briquette making machineries	17.00	12.75	4.25
2.2.4	Electricals and accessories	6.00	4.50	1.50
2.2.5	Pith handling infrastructure	13.00	9.75	3.25
	Total Machinery & Other Infra Cost	80.00	60.00	20.00
	TOTAL HARD INTERVENTIONS COST	125.00	93.75	31.25
	TOTAL INTERVENTIONS COST (SOFT & HARD)	150.00	118.75	31.25
3	Other Project Components			
3.1	Contingencies	1.88	-	1.88
3.2	Deposit	1.57	-	1.57
3.3	Preliminary & Preoperative Expenses	0.56	-	0.56
3.4	Working Capital	20.00	-	20.00
	Total Other Project Components	24.00	-	24.00
3	Cost of TA (8% of Interventions)	9.50	9.50	-
4	Cost of IA/SPV including CDE cost	20.00	20.00	-
	TOTAL PROJECT COST	203.50	148.25	55.25

11 PLAN FOR CONVERGENCE OF INITIATIVES

The initiatives for convergence of schemes and leveraging of resources from various sources are under exploration viz.

- Dovetailing the benefits of other Coir Board schemes such as Coir Udyami Yojana, Export market promotion scheme etc. and also from other MSME schemes such as NEEDS, Capital subsidy scheme etc. to cluster members
- Exploring the opportunities for private sector participation in the cluster development project
- Exploring Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) foundations with proven track record for additional funding.
- Exploring the possibilities to dovetail funds from various state and central government schemes over and above the funds sanctioned for SFURTI scheme (without duplication of funding for a specific project component).

The above initiatives would be undertaken with the participation of stakeholders on approval of the project. Notwithstanding the above initiatives, it is expected that the benefits of various other schemes such as Coir Udyami Yojana, PMEGP etc. for individual cluster members are foreseen as below:

Scheme	No. of beneficiaries/ Activity	Cost of project	Scheme Funding	Bank Loan	Promoter Contribution
PMEGP	5 (Coir Fibre Extraction units)	5 members xRs.25.00 lakhs= Rs.125.00lakhs	Rs.43.75 Lakhs	Rs.75.00 Lakhs	Rs.6.25 Lakhs
	TOTAL	Rs.125.00 Lakhs	Rs.43.75 Lakhs	Rs.75.00 Lakhs	Rs.6.25 Lakhs

The additional investment estimated in the cluster is Rs.125.00 Lakhs with the scheme funding of Rs.43.75 lakhs, bank credit of Rs.75.00 lakhs and the promoter's contribution of Rs.6.25 lakhs.

12 ENHANCED PROJECT COST AND MEANS OF FINANCE

The Project cost and Means of Finance of CORE SFURTI project is illustrated in **Chapter 10**. Convergence of initiatives such as Dovetailing the benefits of other Coir Board schemes such as Coir Udyami Yojana, Export market promotion scheme etc. and also from other MSME schemes such as PMEGP, NEEDS, Capital subsidy scheme etc. to cluster members, would be undertaken to improve the viability of projects, strengthening the value chains and market linkages and to enable the overall improvement of the level of human development in the area.

Considering the convergence of other scheme benefits for individual cluster members, as foreseen in Chapter 11, the enhanced project cost and means of finance is given below:

				(Rs.Lakhs)
S.No.	Component	Total Cost	Grant	Promoter's
			Component	Contribution &
				Bank Loan
01.	Core SFURTI	203.50	148.25	55.25
02.	Convergence initiatives (Establishment of individual units under various schemes)	125.00	43.75	81.25
	TOTAL	328.50	192.00	136.50

The enhanced project cost including the Core SFURTI and other convergence initiatives works out to Rs.328.50 lakhs, whereas the corresponding Grant component is Rs.192.00 lakhs and that of Contribution and bank loan is Rs.136.50 lakhs.

13 PROJECT TIMELINE

The project implementation schedule with details of the activities to be undertaken and the expected time frame (quarter wise) for each activity is given below:

S.No.	Proposed Interventions	Period		
		Year	Quarter	
1	SOFT INTERVENTIONS			
1.1	Capacity Building			
1.1.1	Trust building and motivational programme	Ι	Q1	
1.1.2	Awareness Programme	Ι	Q1,Q2	
1.1.3	Entrepreneurship Development Programme	Ι	Q3	
1.1.4	Skill Upgradation Programme	Ι	Q3,Q4	
1.1.5	Exposure Tour	II	Q1	
	Total Capacity Building cost			
1.2	Market Promotion			
1.2.1	Market Study Tour	II	Q1,Q2	
1.2.2	Participation in Trade fairs	II	Q2,Q3	
1.2.3	Buyer Seller Meet	II	Q3,Q4	
1.2.4	Tie up with Business Development Service	III	Q1,Q2	
	(BDS) providers			
	Total Market Promotion cost			
2	HARD INTERVENTIONS			
2.1	Land Lease	Ι	Q1	
	(1.35 acres)			
2.2	Building for CFC	Ι	Q2, Q3	
2.3	Machinery for Common Facility Proposed			
2.3.1	5 Kg. Pith block	Ι	Q4	
2.3.2	Grow bags	II	Q1,Q2	
2.3.3	650 gm. Pith briquette	II	Q2,Q3	

Train franz Trains		Project activity	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
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	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
SOFT INTERVENTIONS												
Capacity Building												
Trust building and motivational programme												
Awareness Programme												
Entrepreneurship Development Programme												
Skill Upgradation Programme												
Exposure Tour												
Market Study Tour												
Participation in Trade fairs												
Buyer Seller Meet												
Tie up with Business Development Service (BDS) providers												
HARD INTERVENTIONS												
Building for CFC												
5 Kg. Pith block												
Grow bags												
650 gm. Pith briquette												

14 DETAILED BUSINESS PLAN

The cost of production and profitability projection are presented in Statement-3. The assumptions for working the cost of production & profitability are given below:

Installed Capacity		
a. Growbag Production (Size: 110 x	18 x 16 cms)	
Installed Capacity per machine per		
shift	1250	bags
Number of machines	1	
Number of shifts per day	1	
Number of days per annum	300	
Installed Capacity per annum	375000	bags
Coir Pith requirement per bag	5.75	Kgs. per bag
Selling Price	Rs. 60.00	per bag
b. Coir Pith Block (5 Kgs.)		
Capacity per machine per shift	6	Tons
Number of machines	1	
Number of shifts per day	2	
Number of days per annum	300	
Installed Capacity per annum	3600	Tons
Charges on User fee basis	Rs. 1,500.00	per Ton
c. Coir Pith Briquettes (650 gms.)		
Capacity per machine per shift	3000	Kgs.
Number of machines	2	
Number of shifts per day	2	
Number of days per annum	300	
Installed Capacity per annum	3600	Tons
Charges on User fee basis	Rs. 2,000.00	per Ton
Capacity Utilisation		
- First year	60%	
- Second year	70%	
	80%	
-Third year -Fourth year onwards	<u> </u>	
ř.		por KW/H
Power Cost	Rs.6.50	per KWH Of plant and machinery cost in the
Repairs & Maintenance	2.00%	I year & 20% increase every year
Lease Rental for Land	Rs. 5,000	per month in the I year and 10%

		increase every subsequent years
Administrative Expenses	1.00%	Of sales realisation
Selling Expenses	2.00%	Of sales realisation

The project financials comprises the following statements, which are enclosed in the Annexure separately:

Statement 1: Cost of Project and Means of Finance

Statement 1.1: Estimation of Deposits / Advances

Statement 1.2: Preliminary and Preoperative Expenses

Statement 2: Assessment of Working Capital

Statement 3: Cost of Production & Profitability

Statement 4: Assumptions for Cost of Production and Profitability

Statement 5: Calculation of Income Tax

Statement 6: Estimation of Power Cost

Statement 7: Manpower Requirement and Estimation of Cost

Statement 8: Estimation of Depreciation

Statement 9: Projected Cash-Flow Statement

Statement 10: Projected Balance Sheet

Statement 11: Estimation of Break-Even Point

Statement 12: Estimation of Net Present Value and Internal Rate of Return

15 PROPOSED IMPLEMENTATION FRAMEWORK

15.1 Role of Implementing Agency

The role and responsibility of the IA includes the following:

- i. Recruit a full time CDE preferably one amongst the stakeholders who has the desired knowledge and capability in order to ensure efficient implementation of the project
- ii. The IA would implement various interventions as outlined in the approved DPR
- iii. Undertake procurement and appointment of contractors, when required, in a fair and transparent manner
- iv. The IA will enter into an agreement with the Nodal Agency for timely completion on cluster intervention and proper utilization of Government Grants
- v. Operation & Maintenance (O&M) of assets created under the project by way of user-fee based model
- vi. Responsible for furnishing Utilization Certificates (UCs) and regular Progress reports to Nodal Agency in the prescribed formats.

15.2 Details of Strategic Partners

The cluster is proposed to be developed under SFURTI (Scheme of Fund for Regeneration of Traditional Industries). The Coir Board is the Nodal agency (NA) and ITCOT Consultancy and Services Limited is the Technical Agency (TA) appointed by Coir Board. The Implementing agency is MABASET, the Non Government Organization, having its registered office at Erode and project office at Palakkodu, Dharmapuri District, The above agencies work in tandem towards the successful implementation of the project in a sustainable manner.

15.3 Structure of the SPV

A Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) is formed and registered as Private Limited Company under Companies Act, 2013 and rule 8 of the Companies (Incorporation) Rules, 2014 in the name of "SHREE MANGALAM COIR MATTRESS PRIVATE LIMITED" as per the Certificate of Incorporation issued by Registrar of Companies, Coimbatore dated 19th August 2015. The CIN of the company is U36104TZ2015PTC021681

15.4 Composition of the SPV

An SPV is formed 10 members and the list of members and office bearers are given below:

S.No.	Name	Designation	Present Activity		
1	P.Peraman	Chairman	Fibre Extraction & Curled Coir		
2	N.Manoharan	Managing Director	Fibre Extraction & Curled Coir		
3	S.Saravanan	Director	Fibre Extraction & Curled Coir		
4	A.Vadivel	Director	Fibre Extraction & Curled Coir		
5	D.Ramesh	Member	Fibre Extraction		
6	A.Ravi	Member	2 Ply yarn spinning		
7	S.Karthik	Member	2 Ply yarn spinning		
8	M.Tamil Selvan	Member	Fibre Extraction		
9	S.Kavitha	Member	Fibre Extraction & Curled Coir		
10	P.Jamuna	Member	Curled Coir		

16 EXPECTED IMPACT

S.No.	Parameter	Pre-intervention	Post-intervention
1	Cluster Turnover	2385	2915
	(Rs. Lakhs)		
2	Investment (Rs.	1150	1425
	Lakhs)		
3	Employment	750	1050
	(Nos.)		
4	Wages per day	300	380 - 400
	(Rs.)		
5	Export earnings	Nil	200 - 250
	(Rs. Lakhs)		
6	Profitability (%)	8% to 10%	14% to 16%

- Strong linkage with large number of CUY beneficiaries engaged in coir spinning in the district.
- Emergence of specialized support service providers and their active involvement in the development process
- Establishment of new units by converging various schemes of State and Central Governments (such as Coir Udyami Yojana, NEEDS, PMEGP, UYEGP, etc.) resulting in additional investments in Coir sector by the cluster members
- 100% Coverage of cluster artisans under social security schemes
- Improved access to financial capital for cluster members